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Rev. 10/2021

INTRODUCTION

The history of the Catholic Church is built on people volunteering their time and talent. Volunteers are vital to the success of parish ministries.

What is a Volunteer Coordinator?

A volunteer coordinator could be an employee or volunteer. They are responsible for overseeing the selection of volunteers, assignment of duties, orientation and training, and the designation of select individuals to supervise the volunteers.

This handbook has been developed to support your work as the Volunteer Coordinator. We appreciate your willingness to take on this role. Please feel free to contact the Risk Management Department or your Claims/Risk Manager if you need further assistance or have additional questions.

Definition of a Volunteer

Merriam-Webster dictionary defines a volunteer as "a person who voluntarily undertakes or expresses a willingness to undertake a service."

A volunteer is a valued part of the church. The volunteer should be at least 18 years of age. If under 18, the volunteer should be accompanied by a parent or have been given permission by the parent to perform volunteer activities while supervised by another adult.

Every volunteer should go through a screening process which will be covered within this handbook. A volunteer is not someone who is compensated for their service or under contract for their service. A volunteer is also not an employee functioning under their job description.

The guidelines in this handbook should be followed for those individuals who have frequent or reoccurring volunteer duties. It may not always apply to the one-time volunteer.



Selection, Screening and Assignment of Duties

Ideally, a volunteer position description should be created for each potential volunteer activity. This description should outline the tasks the volunteer will be expected to perform, the skills or qualities a volunteer should possess to perform their task, and any orientation or training that the parish can provide. Sample volunteer position descriptions can be found in *Appendix A*.

Once the volunteer positions have been identified, the next step should be recruitment of volunteers. Announcements can be posted in the church or school bulletin, fliers can be sent home with school or RE students, posters can be hung throughout the building, letters can be sent to each parishioner, or phone calls can be made to each household.

All volunteers should be required to complete a Volunteer Application, *Appendix B*. This sample application form asks the volunteer to provide references. It is highly recommended to check references. Each long-term volunteer should be interviewed as part of the application process. Please do your best to utilize volunteers that are the appropriate age and have the skills necessary to perform the tasks/duties they are being asked to do. Although not recommended, if a volunteer is asked to perform a task such as plumbing, electrical or roof work, the volunteer should be licensed. It is okay not to accept a volunteer for a certain position or at all in order to limit risk. A sample Volunteer Interview Form can be found in *Appendix C*.

All volunteers are required to comply with Diocesan policy on Safe Environment. Any volunteer that will be working with children or vulnerable adults should be required to have a background check completed. For those individuals that will be involved in fidelity (money- handling) positions such as counting collections, working with scrip, etc., we recommend credit checks be conducted. Various risk management materials that pertain to fidelity controls can be found in *Appendix D*.

Adequate records need to be kept on the selection, screening and assignment of duties for each volunteer. We recommend maintaining these records for a period of three (3) years.

Limit the issuance of facility keys to volunteers. Keys should only be checked out to volunteer supervisors and returned to the office upon completion of the project. It is recommended to maintain a record of all keys that have been checked out. Do not permanently assign keys to volunteers.

Orientation and Training

This should be reviewed and provided as appropriate for each and every volunteer. Never assume someone is qualified. Orientation for new volunteers is only part of the training process as volunteers also should receive continuing education as they perform their duties.

Volunteers should take the applicable online training module(s) available through Catholic Mutual's website www.catholicmutual.org.

Each volunteer should be properly trained in the proper use of any equipment or tools needed to perform the task. The equipment (parish or otherwise) should be inspected to determine that it is in safe operating condition and equipped with all applicable safety requirements. If there is any doubt, do not allow to be used. The parish should be responsible to provide any personal protective equipment for volunteers, as needed. Examples would be gloves, safety glasses, goggles, or a respirator.

Never allow a volunteer to provide any homemade equipment. Examples would include homemade scaffolds, ladders, grills, cooking equipment, dunking booths, playground or carnival ride type equipment.

No one should be allowed to volunteer without being screened and granted permission. For minors, permission form from parents/guardians is required. See Parent/Guardian Consent Form, *Appendix E*.

Certain volunteer activities and projects may require a Release Form to be signed by the volunteer, especially for activities with an increased liability exposure such as construction activities. The diocese may use their discretion to decide if a release form should be used on a broader basis. The Adult Volunteer Hold Harmless/Indemnity Agreement can be found under *Appendix F*.

Supervision & Support

Volunteers should have someone in command, so they know who to ask for guidance. Before any project or activity begins, supervisory staff or designated adult supervisors should be present to oversee the work. This is especially important when any minors are participating. Support for the volunteers should also be provided by designating someone they can go to with problems that arise from their volunteer work.

Choose supervisors wisely. Ensure they have the ability, temperament and are given the direction to ensure volunteers are used in a safe and effective manner.

Injury/Emergency Procedures

It is important to know what to do if a volunteer is injured as well as know what to do in case of an emergency. First aid equipment should be accessible in areas used by volunteers. A telephone or other means to contact emergency responders should be available.

Volunteers should know who to call at the parish in case of an emergency or injury. If an emergency occurs, an Accident Investigation Report Form should be completed, *Appendix N*.

Be prepared to cancel any projects that take place outside in case of inclement weather such as lightning, strong winds, etc.

Routine Evaluations

With all volunteers, you should consider doing a routine review of the volunteer's performance. This could help in determining whether you feel the volunteer should be used again in the same capacity. The Post Activity Review Form could be used to conduct such an evaluation, *Appendix G*.

GUIDELINES FOR COMMON VOLUNTEER ACTIVITIES

Construction, Assembly Activities

Volunteers should not be allowed on roofs and scaffolds. Although discouraged, only trained adult volunteers should be allowed to use a ladder. See ladder safety information,

Appendix H.

Only trained adults should be allowed to operate power tools, (i.e. drills, saws, etc). Be aware of any projects involving heavy items needing to be lifted or moved. Parish should ensure the volunteer is of the appropriate age and physically fit to perform such work.

Parish should have an adequate supply of ice melt, salt and/or sand on site.

Parish should ensure volunteer has the proper equipment to complete the required snow and ice removal.

The Winter Maintenance Log, *Appendix I*, should be kept in an accessible location and completed each time snow/ice removal or treatment is performed. It is important to ensure the name of the volunteer performing the task is recorded on the log.



Lawn Care Activities

Ideally, individuals should be 18 and older to operate manual push mowers. Individuals under 18 should not be allowed to operate riding mowers, trimmers, and other power equipment.

Safety goggles/glasses should be worn anytime the volunteer is using a trimmer, leaf blower, etc.

Volunteer Parish Nurse Activities

Does the volunteer have a nursing license and is it current?

The diocese may have a policy regarding these activities or please refer to the Guidelines for Parish Nurse/Health Ministry Programs, *Appendix O*.

Home Health Care Activities

Volunteers should not perform any medical tests, medical evaluations/diagnosis or dispense medicine.



Money and/or Scrip Handling - Counting of Collections

If volunteer provides this service on a regular basis, consideration should be given to performing a credit check as part of the screening process prior to assigning the volunteer to this task.

Financial control guidelines have been established and should be followed when volunteers work with money, *Appendix D*.

Driving and Transportation Activities

The Volunteer Driver should be a minimum of 21 years of age and not have any impairment which could prohibit safely driving the vehicle. If the volunteer will be responsible for transporting other individuals, the recommended minimum age is 25.

Volunteer drivers should complete the Volunteer Drivers Form, *Appendix J*. For frequent drivers, a Motor Vehicle Record check (MVR) is recommended.

Volunteers using their own vehicle should maintain minimum liability coverage on their vehicle of 100,000/300,000. The volunteer should be informed in advance that their insurance would be primary if an accident occurred.

Any volunteer that has indicated on the Volunteer Drivers Form having three or more moving violations or accidents within the last three years should be required to take a Defensive Driving Course before being allowed to drive.

Volunteer drivers should also complete the Driver Acknowledgement Form, *Appendix K*.

Towing or attaching trailers or flatbeds to a vehicle is not allowed. The only exception is if the volunteer owns and has driven with an attached trailer due to his business or through personal ownership.

Field trips and youth group trips - Contracting with a bus company is recommended. Absolutely no 11-15 passenger vans are allowed to be used. For private passenger vehicles or when available on other vehicles, everyone must wear a seatbelt. Car seats and booster seats should be used to meet your state law requirements. Maximum driving duration is 8 hours with regular breaks being taken. Always be aware of the risk of fatigue.

Volunteers driving on behalf of the parish need to be safe and courteous drivers. At no time should any electronic device such as cell phones, Bluetooth, Blackberry, etc. be allowed while operating a motor vehicle. Except during an emergency, these devices should only be used when the driver has pulled off the road and is safely parked.

Volunteers should only be allowed to drive for tasks specifically targeted toward their volunteer activity.

<u>Food Service – Food Preparation Activities</u>

Volunteers designated to prepare or serve food should follow proper food handling guidelines, *Appendix M*.

Housekeeping/Cleaning Activities

Volunteers should not use scaffolds for cleaning projects. Ladders may be used if volunteer has been appropriately trained.

Only trained individuals can operate industrial/propane operated cleaning equipment.

Festival Activities

Do not allow volunteers to bring in any homemade grills or barbeque equipment. Only trained employees should light pilot lights for kitchen stoves and ovens. Always keep temporary external cooking equipment a safe distance from buildings. Volunteers should be instructed to monitor floors and walkways for spills or other debris.

The diocese may have a policy regarding parish festivals or please refer to the Parish Festival Guidelines, *Appendix P*.

Appendix A, Page 1 of 4

Volunteer Position Description (Sample Format – Parish Name)

Name of Group/Ministry	Extraordinary Eucharistic Minister to the Sick
Accountability	Parish team and coordinator
Purpose of Participant Group	Bring the Eucharist and the prayerful support of the parish to the infirm and shut-ins
Activities and Responsibilities	 -Meet with the infirm and the shut-ins in their homes (or nursing homes). -Follow the schedule provided and find a replacement when unable to fulfill duties. -Inform coordinator of visits. - Maintain confidentiality.
Skills and Qualifications Required	-Baptized, practicing Catholic - Patient and dependable. -Good listening skills.
Time Commitment/ Duration	-Two hours per week as per schedule. - Two-year term, renewable.
Orientation / Training	-Provided by parish team and/or coordinator.-Experienced volunteers bring new volunteer along during visits.- Annual training workshop.
Support/ Supervision /	-Parish team and coordinator. - Random calls to participants. - Review annually.
Risk Assessment	High Risk
Screening Procedure s	-Provide a Position Description FormFill out necessary formsInterview Reference checks -Police record checks - Orientation and training -Supervisory checks and evaluations

Date Approved:	Date Reviewed:	_
Ministry Leader:		
Parish Screening Committee Member:		
Pastor:		

Appendix A, Page 2 of 4 Volunteer Position Description

(Sample Format – Parish Name)

Name of	Collection Counters
Group/Ministry	
Accountability	Pastor
Purpose	To count money from Mass collections and to record envelopes
of	
Participant Group	Parish
Activities and	-Two or more individuals per team.
Responsibilitie	-Count money from weekly collections.
S	-Record envelope contributions on appropriate ledgers.
	- Make up deposit slips and prepare cash for deposit.
Skills and	-Accounting skills.
Qualifications	-Able to work as part of a team.
Required Time	- Honesty and confidentiality.
Commitment	-Two hours per week, as per schedule.
/ Duration	- Two-year term, renewable.
Orientation	Provided by the Pastor.
/ Training	
Support/	-Pastor.
Supervision	-Review annually.
/	
Risk Assessment	High Risk
Screening	-Provide a Position Description Form.
Procedure	-Fill out necessary forms.
S	-Interview
	-Reference checks
	-Police record checks
	- Credit check.
	-Orientation and training

Date Approved:	Date Reviewed:	
Ministry Leader:		
·		
Parish Screening Committee Member: _		
Pastor:		

Volunteer Position Description

(Sample Format – Parish Name)

Name of Group/Ministry	Catechist
Accountability	Parish team and coordinator
Purpose of	Provide children and youth with catechetical instruction.
Ministrv Participant	Children and youth; ages 6-14
Activities and	-Grade by grade presentation of Catholic teaching in a
Responsibilitie	classroom setting.
S	-Sacramental preparation.
	-Plan and implement parish program.
	-Follow schedule and inform coordinator if unable to attend.
Skills and	-Baptized, practicing Catholic
Qualifications	- Work well with children.
Required	-Good communication, interpersonal and organizational skills.
•	- Imaginative and creative.
Time/	-Two hours per week.
Commitmen	-Two-year term, renewable.
t/ Duration	
Orientatio	-Provided by parish team and/or coordinator.
n/ Training	- Periodic ongoing training provided by
Support/	-Parish team and coordinator.
Supervision/	-Periodic visits by parish team and/or coordinator.
Evaluation	- Review annually.
Risk Assessment	High Risk
Screening	-Provide a Position Description Form.
Procedures	-Fill out necessary forms.
	-Interview
	-Reference checks
	-Police record checks
	-Orientation and training
ate Approved:	Date Reviewed:
linistry Leader:	
arish Screening Comn	nittee Member:

Appendix A, Page 4 of 4

Volunteer Position Description (Sample Format – Parish Name)

Name of Group/Ministry	Ushers
Accountability	Parish team
Purpose of Ministry	To help keep the parish organized during Mass.
Participant Group	Parish congregation during Mass.
Activities and Responsibilitie s	-Seat people when church is becoming full. - Guide people to Communion. -Collect donations. -Organize the offertory procession. - Distribute the bulletin.
Skills and Qualifications Required Time Commitment/ Duration	-Patience -Good interpersonal skills. - Follow dress code. - One mass per week as per schedule.
Orientation / Training Support/ Supervision /	-Provided by the parish team. -At the start of duties and once per year. Parish team.
Risk Assessment	Low Risk
Screening Procedure s	-Provide a Position Description FormFill out necessary formsOrientation and training

Date Approved:	_Date Reviewed:
Ministry Leader:	
Parish Screening Committee Member:	
Pastor:	

VOLUNTEER APPLICATION FORM

This form is to be completed, signed and returned to the Volunteer Coordinator at the parish, school or agency at which you wish to provide volunteer services. A copy of this completed form will be kept on file.

Last Name	First	Middle	Last 4 digits of SSN	Date	
Present Street Address	City Stat	te Zip	Daytime Phone	Evening Phor	e
Permanent Street Address (if di	ifferent from present address)		Cell Phone	E-mail Addre	ss .
ave you ever volunteere ves, give details:			no Are you 18 years o	of age or older?	□ yes □ no
m interested in VOLUN	TEERING at: 🗆 scho	ol	;	; 🗆 ag	ency
terested in volunteering other		_	ducation 🗆 youth ministry	□ coaching	
m available			veekdays □ weekends		
ate available	_	0	,.		
olunteer Activities					
Please list all current and p Include any other names u	vorked under if different fro				
Please list all current and p Include any other names u	vorked under if different fro			Use additional pa	ges if needed.
Please list all current and p Include any other names u Parish/Company/Organization Nar	vorked under if different fro		n this form.		
	vorked under if different fro		Phone	From	То
Please list all current and p Include any other names u Parish/Company/Organization Nar Address Outies/Responsibilities	vorked under if different fro	m the name you used or	Phone	From	To Zip
Please list all current and p Include any other names u Parish/Company/Organization Nar Address Outies/Responsibilities	ne	m the name you used or	Phone City	From	To Zip
Please list all current and p Include any other names u Parish/Company/Organization Nar Address Outies/Responsibilities	ne	m the name you used or	Phone City	From State	To Zip
Please list all current and p Include any other names u Parish/Company/Organization Nar Address Duties/Responsibilities Parish/Company/Organization Nar	ne	m the name you used or	Phone City Phone Phone	From State From	To Zip
Please list all current and p Include any other names w Parish/Company/Organization Nar Address Parish/Company/Organization Nar Address Puties/Responsibilities	ne	m the name you used or	Phone City Phone Phone	From State From State	To
Please list all current and p Include any other names w Parish/Company/Organization Nar Address Parish/Company/Organization Nar Address Puties/Responsibilities	ne	m the name you used or	Phone City Phone City City	From State From State	To

References

Please provide two personal/professional references. If you have resided in this area for less than two years, please provide at least one reference from your previous area of residence.

Relationship Years Known Relationship Relationship Relationship Relationship IMPORTANT—Please read and sign below The information provided on this form is true and complete. If accepted as a voluntee any misstatement or omission of fact on this form may result in suspension of my services. I grant permission to check my background and references and release the diocese and all diocesan locations from any and all liability that may result. I further understand that all persons who will have contact with children or vulnerable adults are required to comply with Diocesan Safe Environment policies and procedure and are required to undergo a state and federal criminal background check.	Name			Name			
IMPORTANT—Please read and sign below The information provided on this form is true and complete. If accepted as a voluntee any misstatement or omission of fact on this form may result in suspension of my services. I grant permission to check my background and references and release the diocese and all diocesan locations from any and all liability that may result. I further understand that all persons who will have contact with children or vulnerable adults are required to comply with Diocesan Safe Environment policies and procedure.	City	State P	Phone	City	State	Phone	
The information provided on this form is true and complete. If accepted as a voluntee any misstatement or omission of fact on this form may result in suspension of my services. I grant permission to check my background and references and release the diocese and all diocesan locations from any and all liability that may result. I further understand that all persons who will have contact with children or vulnerable adults are required to comply with Diocesan Safe Environment policies and procedure.	Relationship		Years Known	Relationship			Years 1
The information provided on this form is true and complete. If accepted as a voluntee any misstatement or omission of fact on this form may result in suspension of my services. I grant permission to check my background and references and release the diocese and all diocesan locations from any and all liability that may result. I further understand that all persons who will have contact with children or vulnerable adults are required to comply with Diocesan Safe Environment policies and procedure.							
any misstatement or omission of fact on this form may result in suspension of my services. I grant permission to check my background and references and release the diocese and all diocesan locations from any and all liability that may result. I further understand that all persons who will have contact with children or vulnerable adults are required to comply with Diocesan Safe Environment policies and procedure.							
adults are required to comply with Diocesan Safe Environment policies and procedure	IMPOR'	TANT–Ple	ease read and sign below				
	The infor any miss services.	mation prov statement or I grant perr	ided on this form is tru omission of fact on th nission to check my ba	is form may resul ckground and ref	lt in suspens erences and	sion of m	у

VOLUNTEER INTERVIEW

1.	Have you performed this type of work before?
2.	What is your experience?
3.	Have you operated the machinery or equipment before?
4.	Any physical restrictions or health concerns for the position?
5.	* Is the volunteer 21 years of age or older? If not, what is their age?
6.	Give volunteer a copy of the Volunteers and the Catholic Church brochure.
sin	inors should never be allowed to operate inherently dangerous power equipment such as power saws, drills, or nilar equipment. Individuals should be 18 years of age to operate any power riding equipment. See attached list of e- appropriate tasks.

AGES	ACCEPTABLE WORK	NON-ACCEPTABLE WORK	ACCEPTABLE TOOLS TO USE	PROTECTION EQUIPMENT REQUIRED
10-14	-Simple cleaning operations such as dusting, mopping, and sweeping. -Light yard work such as raking, picking up branches/leaves. -Serving food at designated food distribution sites.	-No use of ladders or scaffoldingNo handling of toxic materialsNo use of power saws or other power- driven woodworking machinesNo structural demolitionNo operation of chain sawsNo operation of motor vehicles or power-driven hoisting apparatusNo excavation operationsNo roofing operations or work on or related to roofs.	Ordinary cleaning and yard work tools such as brooms, shovels, rakes, wheelbarrows, mops, rags and buckets.	Long shirt and pants, shoes or work boots, work gloves (as appropriate to nature of work). Also, any Personal Protection Equipment (PPE) required per safety regulations for proper use of specific tools or materials.
15-17	As above, plus simple construction jobs such as putting up drywall, laying floors, tiles, carpets.	-No use of ladders or scaffoldingNo handling of toxic materialsNo use of power saws or other power-driven woodworking machinesNo structural demolitionNo operation of chain sawsNo operation of motor vehicles or power-driven hoisting apparatusNo excavation operationsNo roofing operations or work on or related to roofs.	As above, plus hammers, pry bars, crowbars, floor scrapers.	As above
18-20	As above, including more advanced demolition and construction projects.	-No use of scaffoldingNo handling of toxic materialsNo use of power saws or other power-driven woodworking machines unless properly rainedNo structural demolitionNo roofing operations or work or related to roofs.	As above, plus drills and simple power tools.	As above
21 and older (Adult)	All work jobs typically expected of a mission worker and appropriate to skillset of volunteer.	-No roofing operations or work or related to roofs.	Any tools as appropriate to nature of jobs.	As above

Catholic Mutual...CARES

REVIEW OF PARISH ACCOUNTS AND FINANCIAL CONTROL GUIDELINES

The financial control guidelines outlined below are recommended to all parishes. These guidelines are not intended as an all-inclusive money-handling guide, but have been developed as a guideline, which will prevent the majority of embezzlements from occurring.

Internal control

- All accounts using the parish and/or school's federal ID number must be approved
 and controlled by the parish council. All account statements must go to the parish and
 be accessible to the parish finance council.
- The individual who prepares checks should not be authorized to sign checks.
- The person who signs checks should not be allowed to balance monthly bank statements. Monthly bank reconciliations should be submitted with the monthly statements for review by the Finance Council, or review by a knowledgeable individual other than an authorized signer.
- Budgets should be developed and approved. Disbursements not specified in the approved budget should not be allowed without the direct approval of management or the Finance Council.
- Each month, a report comparing the proposed budget to actual one should be made available for the Finance Council. Significant variances should be investigated, explained and resolved.
- Clearly define the type of expenses than can be paid with specific funds. Define expenses that are inappropriate. Define the employee's job function as it relates to the account and disbursement function.
- Each check issued by a parish should be signed by at least two individuals. Again, the person preparing the check should not be an authorized signer.
- Signature stamps should not be used to sign checks.
- Checks should not be signed in advance or be signed without documentation.

- Sequentially numbered checks should be used.
- The individual responsible for preparing checks should be required to take an annual vacation.
- Key responsibilities should be separated. One individual should not handle billing, collections, and bank deposits. One of these tasks should be completed by a second individual.
- Comprehensive pre-employment screening should be conducted, including a criminal background check, the verification of educational data, verification of employment history, and checking of references.

Physical control

- Each parish should own a safe. Collections and all cash should be stored in the safe. The safe must be kept locked at all times (even during parish business hours).
- Deposits should be made on a regular basis. Accumulations of cash and checks totaling \$1,000 or more should not remain in the parish safe for a time period longer than 48 hours.
- If possible, parishes should make arrangements for evening and Sunday deposits. Also, many banks will provide facilities for money counting.
- CHURCH MONEY MUST NEVER BE TAKEN HOME BY ANYONE.

Cash Receipts/Money counting

- Ideally, each parish should have five teams of money counters (consisting of three
 members per team). If five teams cannot be formed, there must be at least two. There
 should be at least three members per team. Members of teams must also be shuffled
 on a periodic basis. Also, husbands and wives should not be allowed on the same
 team.
- All checks received should be immediately endorsed to the appropriate account. A self-inking endorsement stamp is recommended for this purpose.
- A tape of the cash and checks to be deposited, along with the deposit, should be prepared by one of the individuals. A tape of the receipts of envelopes, along with a summary of totals by account classification should be prepared by the second individual. The totals should then be compared to verify that the amounts are the same. All members of the money counting team should sign the collection summary tape to verify the amount of the collections.

- The recap of the receipts or envelopes along with the tape should then be given to the bookkeeper for entry into the books of record. The deposit slip and second tape should accompany the cash and checks and be deposited intact the day of collection by the team of money counters.
- A comparison of the total of the receipts to the deposit slip must be done by the bookkeeper.
- CASH WITHDRAWAL FROM THE DEPOSITS MUST NOT BE ALLOWED.
- A yearly "giving" statement should be distributed to all parishioners.

Annual Financial Review

- It is strongly recommended that each parish conduct a review of parish accounts on an annual basis. Accordingly, each parish should form a review committee composed of at least two individuals. Signers and preparers of checks should not, under any circumstances, participate nor have the opportunity to be a member of the parish financial review team. Also, trustees or business managers should not be on the review team. It is highly recommended that the parish's finance committee (unless members are the individuals noted above) be allowed to handle the review.
- The attached Catholic Mutual Parish Financial Review Verification form can be used by the financial review team. Any questions on how to complete the "self" review should be directed to the Risk Management Department at (800) 228-6108.

(Rev. 07/2021)

Catholic Mutual Parish Financial Review Verification Form

Paris	h name:		
Paris	h address:		
Date	(s) of review:		
Arch	/Diocese:		
1.	All parish checking accounts must be inspected by the financial review team for accuracy and irregularities. Examples of parish accounts are home and school accounts, bingo accounts, cemetery accounts, athletic booster accounts.		
2.	The review team must inspect canceled checks from each account for several months to ensure that checks are written for legitimate purposes and to businesses with which the parish does business. Please ensure that checks have been cashed and that each cashed check was endorsed by the proper party. Also, verify that checks were not altered prior to cashing.		
3.	The review team should verify that payroll tax returns are being filed on a timely basis. Additionally, it should be verified that payroll taxes are being paid on time.		
4.	If irregularities are found in parish accounts, on canceled parish checks, on the payment of payroll taxes or tax returns, or if the parish is not complying with the financial control guidelines, contact your Arch/Diocesan financial manager.		
Mem	bers of Parish Review Team:		
Print name		Signature	 Date
Print name		Signature	 Date
Print name		Signature	 Date
Print name		Signature	 Date
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Catholic Mutual...CARES

SCRIP HANDLING GUIDELINES

Many parishes utilize Scrip as a fundraiser. Parishioners purchase Scrip from the parish, which they then use at local stores such as JC Penney, Kohl's, or K-Mart. Scrip is also commonly used to pay utility bills. There are literally hundreds of businesses nationwide that participate in the Scrip program. When parishioners purchase items with Scrip, the parish receives a small percentage as the fundraiser contribution.

People order Scrip from the parish, which in turn orders Scrip from a company who specializes in providing Scrip. The Scrip then arrives at the parish to be picked up by or distributed to parishioners.

Scrip can be an excellent fundraiser if it is properly handled and safeguarded. Since Scrip is an alternative form of currency, it should be treated as cash. Accordingly, parishes should practice safe procedures in the handling of Scrip. The following procedures should be followed:

- 1. Volunteers should not take Scrip home for delivery. Parishioners participating in the program should pick up Scrip at the parish in a centralized location. Scrip can be sent home from school with a person's son or daughter if the person signs a waiver providing the parish permission to do this (a sample waiver is attached).
- 2. Scrip should be stored in a safe, which is locked at all times. The safe should be kept in a non-obvious, secure area on the parish premises.
- 3. A large inventory of Scrip should not be maintained. Scrip can be received from the National Scrip Center (or other Scrip clearinghouses) in one day by airmail. Parishes should only order the amount of Scrip which has been requested by program participants.
- 4. Adequate bookkeeping that tracks the purchase and distribution of Scrip is required. At least two people should have dual responsibility for the maintenance of Scrip records. When a parish receives an order of Scrip, serial numbers should be recorded. In the event that Scrip would be lost or stolen, the recording of the serial numbers would allow the parish to quickly identify which Scrip was missing. Local stores could then be alerted to watch for the stolen Scrip.
- 5. Scrip records should be audited or reviewed by the parish finance committee on a regular basis. Additionally, the Scrip records should not be stored with the Scrip, but in a separate are.

Scrip can be an excellent way for a parish to raise funds. To be successful, parishes must understand that Scrip is a cash equivalent and should be treated with the same care.

PERMISSION FOR CHILD/WARD DELIVERY OF SCRIP AND WAIVER OF CLAIM

I, give permission to
Parent/Guardian
to deliver Scrip, Parish/School
which I have ordered from parish/school, to my child/ward,
Child/Ward
I understand that my child/ward will be responsible for the safe transport of the Scrip from
school to my home and certify that I have discussed the responsibilities associated with
the transport of the Scrip with my child/ward. I further understand that I have the option
of personally picking up my Scrip orders from the parish/school rather than having my
child/ward transport it.
I agree that once the parish/school delivers the Scrip to my child/ward that the parish/school
is not responsible for any Scrip which is lost, stolen or misplaced. I hereby waive any right of
recovery that I may have against the parish/school for Scrip which is lost, stolen or misplaced
after it is given to my child/ward.
This agreement is effective for the school year.
Parent/Guardian Signature
 Date
(Rev. 06/2020)

PARENT/GUARDIAN CONSENT FORM

Participant's name:	
Date of birth:	Sex:
Parent/Guardian's name:	
Home address:	
Home phone:	Business phone:
i,	grant permission for my child, Child's name
from the parish/school site. T	nool event that requires transportation to a location away nis activity will take place under the guidance and direction of or volunteers from Name of parish/school
A brief description of the activ	ity follows:
•	
Destination of event:	
Estimated time of departure a	nd return:
	from event:
taken by the above named m	n, I remain legally responsible for any personal actions nor ("participant"). y child named herein, or our heirs, successors, and assigns, to, its officers,
directors,	
	Name of Parish/School
	e Arch/Diocese of
any claim arising from or in co with any illness or injury (inclu therewith, and I agree to com	perones, or representatives associated with the event, from innection with my child attending the event or in connection ding death) or cost of medical treatment in connection bensate the parish/school, its officers, directors and agents,
	chaperones, or representative associated with the event for
reasonable attorney's fees an as a result of such injury or do	d expenses which may incur in any action brought against them image, unless such claim arises from the negligence of the test of
Signature:(Rev. 06/2021)	Date:

ADULT VOLUNTEER HOLDHARMLESS/INDEMNITY AGREEMENT

PARISH:
(PARISH is understood to include the Arch/Diocese of
ACTIVITY PARTICIPANT OR FACILITY USER:
DATES OF ACTIVITY OR USAGE:
TYPE OF ACTIVITY OR USAGE:
The above named ADULT VOLUNTEER agrees to defend, protect, indemnify and hold harmless the above named PARISH against and from all claims arising from the negligence or fault of the above named ADULT VOLUNTEER which arise out of the above named VOLUNTEER ACTIVITY at the above named PARISH including but not limited to any personal injury, property damage, disability, death, and sickness or disease including, without limitation, any communicable disease.
Additionally, the above named ADULT VOLUNTEER agrees to protect, defend, hold harmless and fully indemnify the above named PARISH for any claim or cause of action whatsoever arising out of the above mentioned VOLUNTEER ACTIVITY which takes place during the above identified DATE(S) OF VOLUNTEER ACTIVITY that is brought against the PARISH by the above named ADULT VOLUNTEER or their family members whether such claim arises from the alleged negligence of the PARISH, its employees or agents or ADULT VOLUNTEER'S negligence If any portion of this agreement is held invalid, it is agreed that the balance thereof, shall continue in full legal force and effect.
SIGNED BY:
NAME (Please Print):
DATE:

POST ACTIVITY REVIEW FORM

With all volunteers, you should consider how you would answer the following questions to determine whether or not they should be used again in the same volunteer capacity or whether they'd be suited better for an alternate form of volunteer duties. This should be part of your routine review of every volunteer or volunteer activity.

1.	Did the volunteer follow instructions?
2.	Were the volunteer's skills suited to the ministry for which he/she signed up?
3.	Did the volunteer drive a motor vehicle as part of their ministry?
	a. If yes, did they have adequate liability insurance coverage of \$100,000/\$300,000 on their vehicle?
	b. Did they successfully pass the Motor Vehicle Record Check (MVR)?
	c. Did they restrict their driving to ministry activities only?
4.	Were there any volunteers that were not appropriate for the activity? If so, should keep a written record of this in parish files.

Use Scaffolding Equipment & Ladders Safely

Use of scaffolding equipment and ladders can create serious injury and liability exposures for the Catholic Church. These exposures increase significantly when equipment is in poor condition or used improperly. Catholic Mutual handles numerous claims involving employees and volunteers falling off step-stools, ladders, and scaffolds. While conducting nation-wide safety inspections, Catholic Mutual Group's Loss Control Representatives have often visited locations that have wobbly, broken, and unstable ladders.

Safe ladder use

The most common causes of falls from ladders include: overreaching, which can make the ladder tip; not maintaining a center of balance when getting onto or off the ladder from a roof or platform; having the ladder slide out from under the user; and using ladders which are unstable, wobbly, and not safe. Recommendations to prevent these accidents from occurring include the following:

- Avoid over-reaching to prevent the ladder from tipping. The "belt buckle
 rule" is a sound guideline to follow in this situation. The "belt buckle" rule
 states that you should never allow your belt buckle to move past the frame
 of the ladder when reaching to the sides. Rather than taking a short cut by
 over-reaching, get off the ladder and move it closer to the area you are
 working on.
- Whenever you're climbing on or off a ladder, keep your weight in the center of the ladder. Never climb past the top two steps. Each ladder should be labeled with safety warnings that indicate when you should stop climbing. Always read each safety label before climbing.
- The ladder should be positioned on a stable surface and preferably braced or held by a co- worker. It may also be appropriate to secure the ladder with rope or strong elastic cord.
- Is the ladder in good condition? Unstable, wobbly ladders affect balance and contribute to many falls. Therefore, please discard all ladders which are in poor condition. Simply repairing the ladder is not recommended, as the materials and workmanship may not meet manufacturer's requirements.

Safe scaffold use

While only a small percentage of locations we visit own or rent scaffolds, often the individuals using this equipment have not been properly trained and do not use appropriate safety features required by the manufacturer. Recommendations to prevent falls from scaffolds include:

• Transfer the risk by hiring a qualified company to perform complex repair or renovation projects, especially those that require the use of scaffolding equipment. Always remember to obtain a Certificate of Insurance naming the (Arch)Diocese and the location as additional insureds.

 Control the risk! If hiring a qualified contractor is not possible, and parish employees or volunteers use scaffolding equipment, please ensure they have been trained and that all applicable safety guidelines are followed. Appropriate safety railings, fall protection, and outriggers should be utilized. An outrigger is a brace support which extends out from the base posts of the scaffold to greatly improve the stability and reduce the potential of having the scaffold tip over.

Following these recommendations will improve worker safety and prevent accidents. Please contact the Risk Management Department at Catholic Mutual if you need additional information.



Catholic Mutual...CARES

Slips, Trips and Falls Ice and Snow Removal Procedures

Numerous injuries occur on (Arch) diocesan properties during the winter months as a result of slips and falls on icy or snowy surfaces. While some injuries may be minor in nature, there are also those that result in serious injuries to the head, arms, legs or back. Many of these injuries may have been prevented if an ice and snow removal program were in place.

Implementation of a program is important to ensure ice is properly treated and snow is removed from your premises prior to visitors/employees arriving for mass or any other function at your facilities.

In an effort to minimize injury on your property, the following maintenance recommendations should be followed:

- 1. Instruct your employees or schedule volunteers to arrive at the facility early enough to remove the ice and snow prior to other individuals coming onto the property.
- 2. Maintain adequate supplies of ice melt and sand and have it available to make the walkways safe for foot traffic. A bucket of salt/sand with a scoop should be kept by the main doors of buildings that are used during times you are not available. You cannot always be there when weather worsens, so the supplies should be available where others can utilize them.
- 3. Proper snow removal equipment is a necessity in removing ice and snow and should be readily available. If volunteers are utilized, proper training on mechanical equipment (i.e. snow blowers) is imperative.
- 4. Pay special attention to areas where water drains off the roof and crosses walking paths to the buildings. These areas may require frequent monitoring as they can become "black ice" with a sudden drop in temperature or in the evening hours. Also, take extra care with walkways on the north side of your buildings or those that are consistently in the shade.
- 5. Keep a maintenance log that will document shoveling, salting and sanding activities. This log could be kept on a clipboard near your shovels and ice treatment supplies for easy recordkeeping. We recommend these records be retained for at least three (3) years. This documentation can also provide a strong defense when responding to allegations of negligence in the event someone is injured on your property. A sample Winter Maintenance Log is attached.
- 6. Ensure you have an adequate number of floor mats located inside the entrance doors to your buildings for removal of excess moisture from shoes of individuals entering from the outside.

(Revised 07/2021)

Please keep track of your shoveling/salting activities by using a log similar to this.

Winter Maintenance Log

Date	Time	Type of Precipitation	Shovel	Salt	Sand
		,			
i .	I		1		

(Rev. 07/2021)

VOLUNTEER DRIVER FORM

	me of Driver: dress:		
Dr	iver's License #:	State Issue	ed:
Ye	ar, Make & Model of Vehicle:		
Ins	surance Company's Name:		
Lia	abilityLimits:		
(M	inimum Limits of \$100,000/\$300,000 Required)		
Ple	ease provide a copy of Proof of Insurance for our	files.	
	order to provide for the safety of those we serve, e following questions:	we must ask e	ach volunteer to answer
1.	I have NOT had a conviction for an infraction involving drugs or alcohol (such as driving under the influence or driving while intoxicated) in the last three years.	TRUE	FALSE
2.	I have NOT had two or more convictions for an infraction involving drugs or alcohol (such as driving under the influence or driving while intoxicated) in the last seven years.		
3.	I have had no more than three moving violations or accidents in the last three years.		
cer Chu hat a	Please be aware that as a volunteer driver thank you for helping us with our tetification tify that the information given on this form is true and correct to the rech ministry is a profound responsibility, and I will exercise extremas a volunteer driver, I must be 21 years of age or older, possess a very vehicle registration and have the required insurance coverage in effect of the phone or any other handheld electronic device while driving my	ransportation r ne best of my know he care and due dilig lid driver's license, fect on any vehicle.	ledge. I understand driving for gence while driving. I understand have the proper and current license
/olu	nteer Driver Signature	Date	

(Rev 07/2021)

${\bf Driver Acknowledgement Form}$

I am aware I am not to operate any electronic devices while driving.
I will only use a cell phone when safely parked or during an emergency
All passengers at all times will be required to wear a seat belt.
I have phone numbers of individuals to call in the event of an emergency or contact when needed.
Signed: Date:



Appendix K, Page 1 of 1

Catholic Mutual...CARES

LAWN MOWING GUIDELINES

- Persons under the age of 18 should not be allowed to operate tractors, trimmers, riding lawn mowers or other power equipment.
- No persons, other than the operator, should ride on tractors or lawn mowers.
- While not recommended, with proper training, individuals over the age of 16 could be allowed to operate a manual push mower.
- Persons under the age of 16 should not be allowed to fuel any gasolinepowered equipment.
- All fuel should be stored in properly labeled and approved containers. Type II safety cans are recommended. Quantity of fuel should be limited to 5 gallons or less.
- Safety glasses and hearing protection should be worn at all times.
- Manufacturer's maintenance and safety guidelines for all equipment should be followed. Frequent inspection of equipment is essential.
- Persons under the age of 16 should be given tasks appropriate to their age and skill level. Tasks such as raking or bagging would be acceptable. Heavy lifting should not be allowed.
- Many states require work permits for employees that are minors. Check with your state requirements to ensure compliance.

(Rev. 06/2020)

Proper food handling and storage - reducing the risk of contamination

Due to the illnesses and incidents which have occurred across the United States, there has been more media coverage and information concerning food poisoning. Recently, this has included newspaper articles and television news programs. All have reviewed illnesses which can and have occurred. What is your risk of exposure, and what safeguards should you practice to reduce the potential of a foodborne illness?

Handle food safely

Meat and poultry processors have begun providing additional labeling on packages to better educate and protect consumers. Government agencies including the USDA have been underway in establishing stricter testing and inspection requirements for food processors, as well as programs to assess food safety along the entire food distribution chain. It is important to understand that an improved inspection system can't replace good sanitation and safe food handling by those food handlers responsible for the final storing, preparing, and serving of food. This would include restaurants, schools, parishes, and consumer households. As many schools and parishes routinely prepare and serve food, the following information is being provided to review safe storing, preparation, and serving of food.

- Refrigerators should be kept at 40 degrees or cooler. Freezers should be kept at 0 degrees. Raw meat and poultry should be refrigerated as soon as possible after purchasing or receiving. At the grocery store or deli, keep raw meats and poultry separated from other perishables. Never thaw frozen meat and poultry on the kitchen counter. Thaw them in the refrigerator. If in a hurry, thaw in a bag under cold running water. If a microwave is used for thawing, the food should be immediately cooked. Always refrigerate when marinating food.
- Canned goods should be stored in a cool, dry area and should be free of cracks, dents, and bulging.
- Cooked or prepared food requiring refrigeration should never be left unrefrigerated for more than two hours. In a warm environment, food should sit out no longer than one hour. Refrigerate or freeze cooked/prepared foods in shallow containers rather than deep containers.
- Refrigeration and freezing does not kill bacteria on food which sat out too long and has started to spoil. When in doubt, throw it out.

Two of the more common types of food poisoning are caused from salmonella and E.coli bacteria. At least 40,000 salmonella infections are reported annually. Experts estimate 500,000 to 4 million infections actually occur.

Any raw food of animal origin (i.e. meat, poultry, eggs, raw milk, fish, and shellfish) may carry salmonella. Food can be contaminated with E.coli when a food handler or cook does not follow good sanitary procedures. Critical to this is washing hands after using a bathroom.

Don't let bacteria spread or grow

The key to preventing an exposure is to not allow any contamination while preparing food and to effectively destroy bacteria during the cooking process. The following steps will greatly reduce the likelihood of a food related illness.

- Inspect the food to see if there are any signs of contamination or spoilage. Fish, poultry, fruits, and vegetables should be thoroughly washed/rinsed.
- Always wash your hands with soap prior to handling and preparing food.
 You should also rewash your hands prior to preparing another type of food or when using a new knife/utensil.
- Raw meats, fish, and poultry should be cut on an acrylic cutting board, not wood. Use a wood cutting board for fruits and vegetables only.
- Never serve food on a plate or platter which raw meat, fish, or poultry was cut or prepared on.
- Never let raw meat, fish, and poultry or their juices come in contact with other foods.
- If the work area was cleaned with a dishcloth, always immediately switch to a clean one or use disposable paper towels.
- After cleaning utensils and work areas, an additional measure is to sanitize.
 This can be done using 2 to 3 teaspoons of household bleach in one quart of water, then thoroughly rinsing with cold water.
- Always cook food thoroughly. Only thorough cooking destroys bacteria.
 Thermometers are recommended to determine if the internal temperature of the food you are cooking has reached a safe temperature. Internal temperatures should reach 160 degrees. If the food includes poultry, the temperature should reach 185 degrees.
- If serving food for an extended period, hot foods should be kept above 140 degrees and cold foods below 40 degrees.

More information

Additional information is available on the Internet from the USDA Food Safety and Inspection Service Home Page at http://www.usda.gov/fsis, or by calling the USDA Meat and Poultry Hotline at 1-800-535-4555. Another source is your local government Health Department.



Catholic Mutual...CARES

ACCIDENT INVESTIGATION REPORT

I. Ide	ntification of the Accident:		
	Name of Injured:	Date of Accident:	
	Time of Accident:	Location of Accident:	
II. Na	ture of Injury:	un e	
	Exact part or body affected and type of inju	ury:	
	Description of HOW and WHY accident of	occurred:	
	Names of witnesses:		
III. Ac	cident Prevention Information: Equipment, tool, or item causing injury:		
	bserve safety practices, policies, or regulations?		
IV. Co	orrective Action: What corrective action can be done to prev	vent a recurrence of this accident/injury?	
Comments/Recommendations (by Safety Committee, Safety Director, or Supe			
	Person(s) responsible for corrective action	;	
	Safety Director/Manager Review:		
	Signed	Date	

(Revised 9/2018)

Catholic Mutual...CARES

CATHOLIC MUTUAL GUIDELINES FOR PARISH NURSE/HEALTH MINISTRY PROGRAMS

Necessary Qualifications

The parish nurse should be a professional registered nurse who has completed additional studies in the areas of parish nursing and spiritual formation.

Qualifications/licensing requirements:

Graduate of an accredited school or college of nursing.

Currently licensed as a professional registered nurse (RN).

At least three years of nursing experience in a clinical setting.

Possession of a valid driver's license.

What insurance and liability issues need to be addressed?

Listed below are the insurance requirements and guidelines for parish health ministry.

Who is covered?

Insurance coverage is dependent upon which option a parish chooses to provide health ministry. If the parish contracts with an agency or hospital/care center, the parish nurse must provide proof that he or she is covered by that organization's professional liability insurance. Ideally, the outside agency or hospital should name the parish and the (Arch)Diocese of ______ as an additional insured under the hospital's/nurse's professional liability coverage. We realize some carriers will not provide this, but attempts should be made to get additional insured status. Also, it is recommended that the outside agency or hospital sign the *Health Care Institution Hold Harmless/Indemnity Agreement*.

If a parish chooses to directly employ a parish nurse or to utilize the volunteer services of a parish nurse, then the parish and the parish nurse are automatically covered by The Diocesan Insurance Program. This coverage only applies while the nurse is working or volunteering for the parish (not while the parish nurse is working for other organizations).

Please note that there is no insurance coverage through Catholic Mutual for a physician participating in a parish's health ministry program.

Pre-screening for parish nurse employees and volunteers

The parish could be held liable for failure to verify credentials and perform background checks. Considering the nature of parish nursing and the potential high risks involved with a parish health ministry program, verification of credentials and background checks must be performed on parish nurses who are employed or who volunteer.

The **credential check** must:

Verify that the parish nurse has a valid license as a registered professional nurse in the state in which the nurse practices.

The **background check** must include the following:

Both employment references and personal references.

A criminal background check.

Driver record check.

It is very important that the parish verify the nursing license along with performing the background checks. Failure to do so will greatly increase the parish's liability associated with the parish health ministry program. If the parish contracts with an agency or hospital/care center for nursing services, verify that the agency or hospital/care center has performed credential and background checks.

Risk and liability concerns

There are many liability concerns associated with a parish health ministry program. The most common allegation against a parish nurse would be that he or she overstepped the boundaries of their professional expertise. Adhering to the following guidelines will assist in reducing the liability for a parish's health ministry program.

All parish nurses should be licensed as registered nurses, be a graduate of an accredited nursing program and a graduate of a parish nurse preparation program.

Parish nurses must keep records on all parishioner-clients. The records are confidential between the client and parish nurse and should be kept in a locked cabinet. Even though a parish nurse may be reporting to the pastor/parish director or business administrator, the records are confidential unless otherwise released with the client's written permission.

A parish nurse cannot provide a medical diagnosis. Appropriate procedures should be followed for referral to physicians and other healthcare providers as needed.

All abuse involving minors must be reported to the appropriate governmental agency.

All abuse involving adults must be reported to the appropriate governmental agency.

A parish nurse cannot dispense medication. This includes non-prescription or over-the-counter medication.

All acts delegated within the scope of professional nursing to an LPN or less skilled assistant must be in compliance with the State Requirements.

All non-RN employees/volunteers should have professional experience in the ministry in which they are participating.

Liability involving transportation

Most parish nurses will use their own automobile to carry out certain nursing activities. The Diocesan Insurance Program provides an excess liability policy over and above a nurse's personal automobile liability policy. However, it is important for parish nurses to maintain liability coverage levels of \$100,000 per person, \$300,000 per accident in order to provide adequate protection. If you have any questions regarding parish nurse/health ministry programs, please feel free to contact Catholic Mutual at 1-800-228-6108.

(Revised 10/2021)

HEALTH CARE INSTITUTION HOLD HARMLESS/INDEMNITY AGREEMENT

IEALTH CARE INSTITUTION:	
ARISH(S):	
ATES OF SERVICES:	
The above named HEALTH CARE INSTITUTION agrees to defend, protect, indening hold harmless the above named PARISH(S) and the (Arch)diocese of against from all claims arising from the negligence or fault of the above named HEALTH CARE INSTITUTION or any of its clients, patients, employees, agents, family members, office olunteers, helpers, partners, organizational members and associates, and parish nuronnection with the performance of parish nurse duties for the above named PARISH. The above named HEALTH CARE INSTITUTION agrees to provide a certificate of insurance to the PARISH(S) which provides evidence of workers compensation insurance and liability coverage of not less than one million dollars (\$1,000,000) per occurrend nurses professional liability coverage of not less than two million dollars (\$2,000,000)	and rs, rse in (S).
IEALTH CARE INSTITUTION also agrees to have the PARISH(S) and The (Arch)diocese f named as an "Additional Insured" on its general liability for activities carried out in performance of the Parish Nurse Program and for clanade by its patients, clients, employees, agents, guests, invitees, customers, partners, amily members, organizational members and associates, and the parish nurse. It is greed that HEALTH CARE INSTITUTION also agrees to ensure that its general liability rofessional liability insurance policies will be primary in the event of a covered claim	lity aims , and
If and only if HEALTH CARE INSTITUTION fails to comply with the above (second aragraph, the HEALTH CARE INSTITUTION agrees to protect, defend, hold harmless a cally indemnify the above named PARISH(S) and The (Arch)diocese of action whatsoever which arises from the performance of paraursing duties or that is brought against the PARISH(S) and/or the (Arch)diocese of by bove named HEALTH CARE INSTITUTION, or its patients, clients, employees, agents, uests, invitees, customers, partners, family members, organizational members and ssociates, and the parish nurse, whether such claim arises from the alleged negligen	rish the
ne PARISH(S), their employees or agents or HEALTH CARE INSTITUTION and/or parish urse's negligence.	ı
IGNED BY:	
DATE: (Rev. 10/202:	1)
(Nev. 10/202	.,

Appendix O, Page 4of 4

Catholic Mutual...CARES

GUIDELINES FOR PARISH FESTIVALS

INTRODUCTION

The following safety and insurance guidelines are designed to assist festival committees in the planning and management of parish festivals. These guidelines focus on safety recommendations to reduce or prevent the most common claims associated with parish festivals. Catholic Mutual has additional information available on specific parish festival safety issues. Please feel free to contact our Risk Management Department at (800) 228-6108 to request additional information or receive clarification on items in this handout.

FESTIVAL SUPERVISION

Good planning and supervision are the foundation for holding a successful parish festival. Parishes should have a festival chairperson that is responsible for communicating all policies and procedures to parish festival workers. The festival chairperson should report to a staff person at the parish/school. In addition to a festival chairperson, each operational area of a parish festival should have a supervisor. As with the festival chairperson, the supervisor's responsibility will be to alert parish festival workers of policies and procedures. It is strongly recommended that parishes develop written guidelines for the operation of their festivals which are handed out to all volunteer supervisors and workers. It is our experience that many problems occur at festivals when policies and procedures are not formalized and communicated to the proper individuals. On the contrary, we have found parishes that utilize and implement a well-organized plan have a successful and safe parish festival.

CERTIFICATES OF INSURANCE AND VENDOR AGREEMENT

The *Parish Festival Vendor Hold Harmless/Indemnity Agreement* should be signed by vendors who provide services at parish festivals. The Parish Festival Vendor Agreement must be signed by the following types of parish festival vendors:

- 1. Ride and game vendors
- 2. Tent companies
- 3. Security companies
- 4. Suppliers of large quantities of food
- 5. Vendors who provide medical services
- 6. Bands/Entertainers
- 7. Other vendors

The Parish Festival Vendor Agreement requires the festival vendor to provide the parish with a certificate of insurance documenting general liability coverage in the amount of two million (\$2,000,000) dollars per occurrence. The certificate of insurance must name the parish and the (Arch)Diocese as an additional insured. It is not adequate to obtain a certificate of insurance from a parish festival vendor which names the parish as a "certificate holder." Certificates of insurance obtained by festival vendors should be reviewed by the (Arch)Diocese or Catholic Mutual Group prior to the event.

WHAT IS AN ADDITIONAL INSURED?

Many parish festival chairpersons have a difficult time determining whether or not a parish festival vendor has actually added the parish and the (Arch)Diocese as an additional insured. Attached is a handout entitled *How Do I Know If My Parish Has Been Named As An Additional Insured*? This handout will provide you with the criteria to determine whether or not a parish festival vendor has provided you with a certificate of insurance, which actually names the parish as an additional insured.

DO NOT SIGN CONTRACTS WITHOUT APPROVAL

It is very important to read a contract before signing and equally important to understand what the contract says. For this reason, Catholic Mutual and your (Arch)Diocese have a contract review policy. Contracts should only be signed by the Pastor, Principal or Business Manager.

In the past, there have been many contracts relating to parish festivals that were signed by the parish, which contained very unfavorable wording. Most of the unfavorable contracts contained hold harmless and indemnity wording that required the parish to pay for any type of claim which happened during the parish festival. Since the insurance program does not cover any type of claim that ever happens, parishes that signed these types of contracts were actually risking parish assets.

Another type of unfavorable contract commonly signed by parishes is a contract requiring the parish to be responsible for any damage that occurs to equipment which is rented. In these instances, the parish agrees to pay for damage to the equipment regardless of how it happened, even if the damage was due to natural causes such as wind or lightning. The insurance program does not provide automatic insurance coverage for another organization's property. Considering this, the parish would be responsible for the damaged equipment.

A Pastor, Principal or Business Manager should never sign a contract which contains wording as described above. It is only acceptable to assume responsibility for claims or property damage which the parish would be legally responsible for in the absence of the contract. Remember, no matter how small a contract may be, if it contains unfavorable hold harmless, indemnity or reimbursement language, the parish is risking severe financial burden if a liability claim or property damage occurs. To ensure that Catholic Mutual has adequate time to review a contract, please allow at least fifteen (15) business days for review and be sure to provide the entire contract. When signing of a contract before it has been approved is a necessity, write on the contract, "This contract is contingent upon the approval of our insurance company representative." This will allow you to void the contract, if necessary.

DRIVING

The number of individuals used to drive to pick up supplies or other errands needed to make the festival a success should be limited. The festival chairperson and supervisors should view Catholic Mutual's online training entitled "Church Transportation – Is It Necessary and Ministry Based." Any individual that will be driving as part of their volunteer duties for the festival should complete a *Volunteer Driver's Form* and also view CMG's online training entitled "Be Smart – Drive Safe".

USE OF VOLUNTEERS

Volunteers should be at least 18 years of age or supervised by an adult with parental permission. The volunteer should be selected and matched to tasks according to their training and/or skills. Each volunteer should have a clear understanding of the duties associated with the task and any risks inherent to the position. Any personal protective equipment required to perform the task should be provided for the volunteer.

SAFETY COORDINATOR

In addition to the festival chairperson, parish festivals should create a position called "safety coordinator." The safety coordinator will be responsible for making sure all safety recommendations are met. The designated safety coordinator will also be responsible for making periodic inspections of the festival grounds during the festival. Obviously, any physical safety hazards detected by the safety coordinator should be dealt with to remove the hazard. It is highly recommended the safety coordinator utilize a logbook indicating the time the inspections took place during the festival and the condition of the festival grounds during the inspection. (Arch)Dioceses that have utilized an onsite safety coordinator volunteer at parish festivals have been very successful in reducing the number of claims associated with parish festivals. An onsite safety coordinator will also greatly reduce the parish's liability in the event of a loss, as it will illustrate the parish exercised due diligence in attempting to eliminate safety hazards.

SAFETY ON FESTIVAL GROUNDS

Most claims associated with parish festivals result from trips, slips and falls on parish grounds. Many of these accidents can easily be prevented with proper planning and periodic inspections of the grounds during the festival. Below we have identified some common physical safety hazards at festivals, along with suggestions to alleviate the safety hazard and greatly reduce the parish's liability in the event of an accident.

- **Electrical cords and hoses** Electrical cords and hoses in walkways present a common trip hazard at parish festivals. Vinyl cord and hose protectors should be used to combat these trip hazards and reduce the parish's liability. Other ways of dealing with these trip hazards are taping or tacking down the loose cords and hoses or placing orange cones at either end of a cord or hose extending across a walkway to identify its presence by making it more obvious.
- **Lighting** As the majority of parish festivals extend into the evening hours, adequate lighting is essential to reduce the parish's liability in the event of an evening fall. The festival grounds and parking areas should be well lit. Temporary lighting may need to be installed to ensure adequate lighting.

- **Tent stakes and ropes** Tent stakes and ropes should be marked with orange flags to identify their presence. In the event that an individual trips over a tent stake or rope, the presence of an orange flag will greatly reduce the parish's liability.
- Debris on grounds Many accidents occur when people slip on food or litter while on
 festival grounds. Although it is difficult to completely eliminate this problem, plenty of
 trash receptacles should be provided. These receptacles should be periodically emptied
 to ensure that festival patrons have an area to discard litter. In addition to providing
 trash receptacles, the grounds should be periodically inspected and cleaned where
 needed to make sure undesirable amounts of litter are not accumulating on the
 grounds.
- Stages Stages must be set up and torn down by qualified personnel. The stage must be built sturdy enough to accommodate the weight of occupants and/or props. Electrical outlets on the stage should be properly grounded. If extension cords must be used, they should be heavy-duty double insulated cords. Stage flooring must be kept dry and clear of debris. Stairs leading to the stage must be equipped with a handrail. If the stage will be used during evening hours, recommend installing glow-in-the-dark tape along the edge of stage platform.

WEATHER

While most events and activities are held rain or shine, plans should be in place in the event of severe weather. A weather radio should be monitored during the event. In the case of a tornado or lightning threat, parish festival patrons and workers should seek appropriate shelter inside a parish building until the threat of severe weather has passed.

SECURITY

Parish festivals need a security plan. Formal security is necessary, as parish festivals deal with large amounts of money and high volumes of people. It is highly recommended that parishes utilize security rental agencies. When hiring private security, be sure to check references and verify you have hired a reputable security company. Once a security company is hired, allow the company to manage and supervise their own employees. Remember, the security company is a professional organization with experience in providing security at events such as your parish festival.

When confrontations between festival patrons occur, allow security personnel to handle as parish festival volunteers are not trained to deal with these types of situations. In many cases, they may make the situation worse. The parish can be held liable in cases where a festival worker inadvertently causes an injury while attempting to break up a fight.

Security during non-festival hours is as important as security during festival hours. During time periods when the festival is not operating, vandalism and theft can occur on festival grounds. For this reason, it is highly recommended that security guards be used during non-festival operating evening hours. In addition to private security, lighting is very important. Lighting should be maintained as a security measure even when the festival is not operating. The presence of night security guards and lights will greatly deter potential vandals and thieves.

PARKING

Parking is always a concern for parish festivals. Similar to the actual festival grounds, injuries can occur in parking areas. Additionally, vehicles can be damaged or stolen.

Valet parking should not be permitted. Any volunteers assisting with parking should wear a brightly colored vest or other garment. If a neighboring parking lot (not owned by the parish) is used for the festival, any written agreement between the owner of the lot and the parish should be reviewed by Catholic Mutual prior to signing.

Adequate lighting is perhaps the most important component for a safe parking lot. Often, temporary lighting is needed to provide adequate lighting in a field or paved area that is not normally used during evening hours, but will be used for parking during a festival. Another concern is whether or not the parking area is level. Although vehicles are not usually damaged from an uneven surface, an even surface is necessary to ensure that people do not trip and fall while walking to and from their vehicles. Care should be taken to allow room for pedestrian traffic through parking lots.

Although we can attempt to provide a well-lit parking lot, we cannot guarantee that a vehicle will not be vandalized or stolen. For this reason, we recommend posting signs at the entrance to lots indicating, "The parish festival will not be responsible for damaged or stolen vehicles."

Parking space must be made available for emergency vehicles. Additionally, there must be access routes to and from the festival and through parking lots for emergency vehicles to travel. When planning your festival, keep in mind that the fire department, police, or an ambulance service may need access to your festival if an emergency occurs.

MEDICAL SERVICES

As injuries do occur at parish festivals, it is very important that medical services be utilized to reduce the effects of the injury. This is very important from both a medical and legal standpoint. The type of medical service needed at a parish festival will vary by the size and type of activities at the festival. For small, family-oriented festivals, it would be adequate to simply have first aid supplies available in the event of injury. For festivals ranging from 500 to 1500 people, the festival should have a first aid station on festival grounds. For festivals that exceed 1500 people, parishes should seriously consider contracting with an outside vendor to provide onsite medical services.

First Aid stations should be visible and easily detected by an injured person and be equipped to deal with minor injuries. These stations should consider having the following medical supplies on hand:

- Sterile adhesive bandages in assorted sizes
- Assorted sizes of safety pins
- Cleansing agent/soap
- Latex gloves/assorted sizes
- Sunscreen
- 2 and 4 inch gauze pads
- Triangular bandages

- Ice bag or chemical ice pack
- Eye patches
- Non-prescription drugs
- 2 and 3 inch sterile roller bandages
- Scissors
- Tweezers
- Needle
- Moistened towelettes
- Antiseptic
- Thermometer
- Tongue blades
- Tube of lubricant
- Medicine dropper
- Antacid (for stomach upset)
- Anti-diarrhea medication
- Syrup of Ipecac (used to induce vomiting and only used if advised by the Poison Control Center)
- Laxative medication
- Activated charcoal (used in cases of accidental ingestion of harmful liquids)
- Blanket
- First Aid manual
- Cell phone
- Flashlight with extra batteries
- Pencil and paper
- Emergency phone numbers
- AED (Automated External Defibrillator)

An Automated External Defibrillator is used in cases of life threatening cardiac arrhythmias which lead to cardiac arrest. AED's are designed to be used by laypersons who ideally should have received AED training. The location of a public access AED should take into account where large groups of people gather, regardless of age or activity.

When a major injury occurs, an ambulance should be called immediately. Whenever medical treatment is provided, it should be documented with a written record (log). If an individual that is injured denies medical treatment, a signed refusal of medical treatment should be obtained from that individual. Written documentation of patients should include a name, nature of injury, type of treatment, and the time.

Local police and hospitals should be alerted prior to a parish festival so these entities are aware of the possibility for the need of emergency medical services. Hospitals and emergency centers should be given relevant information such as the dates and hours of the festival, number of people anticipated, as well as the types of festival activities that could cause injuries. A contact person should be made available to emergency centers and hospitals and lists of 24-hour telephone emergency numbers should be made available to festival personnel.

FOOD

When food is supplied by outside vendors, the *Parish Festival Vendor Hold Harmless/Indemnity Agreement* should be utilized. If a parish elects to have volunteers prepare and serve food whether onsite or at their own homes, the following food handling guidelines should be followed.

- Refrigerators should be kept at 40 degrees or cooler. Freezers should be kept at 0 degrees. Raw meat and poultry should be refrigerated as soon as possible after purchasing or receiving. At the grocery store or deli, keep raw meats and poultry separated from other perishables. Never thaw frozen meat and poultry on the kitchen counter, thaw them in the refrigerator. If in a hurry, thaw in a bag under cold running water. If a microwave is used for thawing, the food should be immediately cooked. Always refrigerate when marinating food.
- Canned goods should be stored in a cool, dry area and should be free of cracks, dents, and bulging.
- Cooked or prepared food requiring refrigeration should never be left unrefrigerated for more than two hours. In a warm environment, food should sit out no longer than one hour. Refrigerate or freeze cooked/prepared foods in shallow containers rather than deep containers.
- Refrigeration and freezing does not kill bacteria on food which sat out too long and has started to spoil. When in doubt, throw it out!

Two of the more common types of food poisoning are caused from salmonella and E. Coli bacteria. At least 1.4 million salmonella infections are reported annually in the United States. Any raw food of animal origin (i.e. meat, poultry, eggs, raw milk, fish, and shellfish) may carry salmonella. Food can be contaminated with E. Coli when a food handler or cook does not follow good sanitary procedures. Critical to this is washing hands after using a bathroom.

The key to preventing an exposure is to not allow any contamination while preparing food and to effectively destroy bacteria during the cooking process. The following steps will **greatly reduce the likelihood of a food-related illness.**

- Inspect the food to see if there are any signs of contamination or spoilage. Fish, poultry, fruits, and vegetables should be thoroughly washed/rinsed.
- Always wash your hands with soap prior to handling and preparing food. You should also rewash your hands prior to preparing another type of food or when using a new knife/utensil.
- Raw meats, fish and poultry should be cut on an acrylic cutting board, not wood. Use a
 wood cutting board for fruits and vegetables only.
- Never serve food on a plate or platter which raw meat, fish, or poultry was cut or prepared.
- Never let raw meat, fish, and poultry or their juices come in contact with other foods.
- If the work area was cleaned with a dishcloth, always immediately switch to a clean one or use disposable paper towels.

- After cleaning utensils and work areas, an additional measure is to sanitize. This can be done using 2 or 3 teaspoons of household bleach in one quart of water, then thoroughly rinsing with cold water.
- Always cook food thoroughly. Only thorough cooking destroys bacteria. Thermometers
 are recommended to determine if the internal temperature of the food you are
 cooking has reached a safe temperature. Internal temperatures should reach 160
 degrees. If the food includes poultry, the temperature should reach 185 degrees.
- If serving food for an extended period, hot foods should be kept above 140 degrees and cold foods below 40 degrees.

COMPRESSED GAS CYLINDERS, PROPANE TANKS AND GRILLS

Cookouts for your festivals and other events can be a fun and enjoyable part of your church gatherings. However, safety precautions should be taken when it comes to the operation and/or storage of gas grills, propane tanks or other compressed gas cylinders being used for the cookouts.

Propane cylinders should NEVER be brought into a building for any reason. A slight variance in temperature can cause the gas cylinder to either expand or contract and release the gas creating the potential for an explosion and fire.

Here are some Best Practices to follow for the safe usage of gas grills:

Inspection:

- Always keep gas valve in the off position when not in use.
- Inspect your cylinder monthly checking for leaks, damage, dents, rust, etc.
- Never use matches or lighters when checking for leaks.
- Check rubber tubing gas line and replace if there is evidence of deterioration.
- If there is evidence of oxidation, you should replace the cylinder.
- Always have cylinders refilled by a qualified service station operator.

Usage:

- Keep flammable liquids away from cylinders at all times.
- Do not use dented, cracked or other visibly damaged cylinders.
- Do not remove any labels on cylinders.
- When opening the valve, check for leaks.
- If you suspect a leak and are able to safely turn off the gas, do so immediately.
- Do not use excessive force when tightening the valve or connecting points.
- Never remove a valve wrench from an acetylene cylinder while the cylinder is in use.

- Before disconnecting, ensure grill and cylinder valve are off.
- Never allow children to tamper or play with a propane cylinder.
- Keep a fire extinguisher nearby.
- Ensure cylinders are certified by a nationally-recognized testing laboratory.

The use of homemade gas grills and/or their attached equipment should not be allowed due to the safety hazards they present

ALCOHOL

Beer and wine are sold at many parish festivals. Parishes should be aware they are potentially liable for property damage or injury claims resulting from individuals which become intoxicated at a parish festival. Specifically, parishes should be concerned with minors and making sure that people who are obviously intoxicated are not sold alcoholic beverages. The following are recommendations to assist in reducing the parish's liability in the event of an alcohol-related accident.

- Know and follow state liquor licensing requirements or laws.
- Licensed or trained bartenders should be present in the beer tent at all times.
- All bartenders should be at least 21 years of age and should not be allowed to consume alcohol while working behind the bar.
- A pre-existing plan should exist to handle individuals who have had too much to drink. The plan should include the necessary security needed to assist the bartender who is refusing service to an intoxicated individual.
- An alternate method of transportation should be provided to individuals who feel they are too intoxicated to drive their vehicles.
- Identification should be checked to ensure individuals under the age of 21 are not served alcohol. A good rule of thumb is to check the identification of any individual that appears to be under the age of 40.
- Alcohol should not be given away as a prize.

A "bracelet booth" should be set up to check identification of any individual wishing to consume alcohol to ensure they are of legal age. An individual who has shown proper identification is then furnished with a colored bracelet designating they are of legal age to consume alcohol at the parish festival. Security and festival workers would have the responsibility of patrolling and monitoring the grounds to ensure that individuals consuming alcohol are wearing the necessary bracelet.

Another risk management technique to reduce the liquor liability exposure is to create a "Beer Garden" atmosphere by placing a fence around the perimeter of the tent. Security should be placed at both entrances and exits to the beer garden. At the entrance to the beer garden, security will be responsible for ensuring anyone entering the beer garden has a colored bracelet indicating the individual is of legal age to consume alcohol. At the exit points, security will be responsible for not allowing alcohol outside the beer garden area. If alcohol is allowed outside the beer garden area, security should limit the amount of beer or wine that one individual can remove from the area.

Appendix P; Page 9 of 15

MONEY

If your parish festival is successful, large amounts of cash will accumulate throughout the day and evening. The parish should have a predetermined plan to deal with cash as it flows through the festival. A good plan should accomplish the following:

- A credit and background check should be conducted on all individuals handling money.
- Cash should be collected from festival stands at regular intervals.
- Tamper-proof bags should be used.
- Groups of three or more individuals should be responsible for the transfer of cash from festival stands to a centralized location.
- Cash that accumulates at the festival's centralized location should be stored in a locked safe that is guarded by security.
- Cash should always be counted by multiple teams consisting of at least two people who trade off.
- Bank deposits should be made at regular intervals during the festival. Cash should not be allowed to accumulate in the safe until completion of the festival.
- Ideally, cash should be counted at the bank.
- When collecting cash from festival stands or taking deposits to the bank, both times and routes of the collections or deposits should be varied to eliminate a pattern from developing.
- Catholic Mutual recommends the use of a "ticket system" at parish festivals. A ticket system allows festival participants to purchase tickets at ticket booths that can be exchanged for rides, food, beverages, or other items for sale at the parish festival. The purpose of the ticket system is to reduce the amount of cash flowing through the parish festival at various booths. Instead of having each individual booth handle cash, monies are handled at centrally located ticket booths. The use of a ticket system will reduce the risk of loss associated with theft or the mysterious disappearance of festival revenues. In addition to reducing the possibility of theft, the ticket system provides an excellent internal control to monitor cash flows at parish festivals.

FESTIVAL ACTIVITIES

While the types of parish festival activities may vary from one festival to the next, a few activities geared to younger children should be present at each festival. When determining what types of activities to have in place for the festival, keep in mind, the following activities should not be allowed:

- Hot air/tethered balloons
- Helicopter rides
- ATV rides/speed contests
- Gambling when not approved by State statutes
- Liquor when not approved by State statutes
- Bungee jumping
- Dunking booths for individuals 21 years and under
- Archery/firearms

CLAIM PROCEDURES

When a claim takes place, an Accident Report should be completed on Catholic Mutual's website or called in the following workday. Any serious claims should be phoned in as soon as possible. The written accident report should include an in-depth description of how the accident happened. The report should also include the name, address, phone number, and date of birth of any injured person along with the names and phone numbers of potential witnesses.

Often when an accident occurs, it is difficult to reconstruct how it happened or what the premises looked like at the time of the accident. For this reason, the festival safety coordinator should photograph accident scenes to preserve the appearance of the accident site. It is recommended that the safety coordinator videotape the parish festival grounds once the festival set-up is complete. This will assist in any recreations of the festival premises that must be done for litigation. If an individual that is injured on festival grounds feels they need immediate contact with the festival's insurance carrier, contact Catholic Mutual prior to sending the written accident report. Often a potential claimant will contact an attorney because he/she has not been contacted in a timely fashion by the insurance company. For your convenience, we have attached an example of an *Accident Report Form* that can be used at parish festivals. Accident reports should be made available to all operational supervisors and security staff.

THANK YOU

Thank you for taking the time to read this material. As noted earlier, Catholic Mutual has a wealth of supplemental material regarding parish festival safety that is available to parishes. Please feel free to contact the Risk Management Department at (800) 228-6108 with any questions that may arise.

(Revised 04/2021)

Catholic Mutual...CARES

PARISH FESTIVAL VENDOR HOLD HARMLESS/INDEMNITY AGREEMENT

PARISH:	
PARISH is understood to include the (Arch)Diocese of	
VENDOR:	
TYPE OF VENDOR:	
DATES OF USE:	
The above named VENDOR agrees to defend, protect, indemnify, PARISH against and from all claims arising from the negligence or fault of tagents, family members, officers, volunteers, helpers, partners, organization with the operations of the above named VENDOR at the above named PAR	he above named VENDOR or any of its onal members, or associates in connection
VENDOR agrees to provide a certificate of insurance to the PARISH liability coverage of not less than two million dollars (\$2,000,000) per occur PARISH named as an "Additional Insured" on its general liability policy for relationship to the VENDOR'S activities. It is agreed that VENDOR also agree policy will be primary in the event of a covered claim or cause of action again.	rence. VENDOR also agrees to have the r the DATES OF PARISH FESTIVAL in ses to ensure that its liability insurance
If and only if VENDOR fails to comply with the above (second) part defend, hold harmless, and fully indemnify the above named PARISH for a which takes place during the above identified DATE(S) OF USE that is broug VENDOR or its employees, agents, guests, invitees, customers, partners, fa and associates, even if such claim arises from the alleged negligence of the negligence of any other individual or organization not a party to this agree agreement is held invalid, it is agreed that the balance thereof, shall continuous	ny claim or cause of action whatsoever ght against the PARISH by the above named mily members, organizational members, e PARISH, its employees or agents or the ment. If any paragraph or sentence of this
VENDOR and PARISH agree that this agreement overrides any inst conflict with this agreement when it is attached to an existing contract whe previously signed or will be signed in the future.	
SIGNED BY:	DATE:
(Must be an official agent of VENDOR)	
NAME AND TITLE PRINTED:	DATE:
This Parish Festival Vendor Hold Harmless/Indemnity Agreement stand VENDOR and PARISH should this addendum not be incorporated	

ACCIDENT REPORT FORM

(For Non-Employees)

NAME OF PARISH/SCHOOL	
ADDRESS	
CITY	ZIP
PHONE	PARISH EMAIL
PERSON REPORTING	
DATE FORM COMPLETED	
DATE OF ACCIDENT	TIME OF ACCIDENT
WHERE ACCIDENT OCCURRED	
WERE PHOTOGRAPHS TAKEN?	
DESCRIBE ACCIDENT:	
	MINOR?
IF MINOR, PARENT NAME(S)	
ADDRESS	
CITY AND ZIP	
HOME PHONE	WORK PHONE
DOB	
INJURY/DAMAGE	
TRANSPORTED BY AMBULANCE?	
WITNESSES (PLEASE INCLUDE ADDRESS AN	ND PHONE NUMBER)
COMMENTS	

NOTE: REPORT TO CATHOLIC MUTUAL NEXT BUSINESS DAY. SEND COPY TO CATHOLIC MUTUAL AND KEEP ONE FOR YOUR RECORDS.

Catholic Mutual...CARES

HOW DO I KNOW IF MY PARISH HAS BEEN NAMED AS AN "ADDITIONAL INSURED?"

Many parishes have a difficult time determining when they have been named as an additional insured on a tenant, contractor or facility user insurance policy. Parishes often obtain a certificate of insurance, which names the parish as a "certificate holder." It is not adequate to be named as a "certificate holder."

The insurance certificate furnished to the parish by the tenant, contractor or facility user must indicate in writing that both the parish and the (Arch)Diocese are named as an **additional insured**. Please refer to Exhibit A for an example of a certificate of insurance where the parish has been named as an additional insured. Please note that not every certificate of insurance naming the parish and the (Arch)Diocese as an additional insured will look like Exhibit A. However, somewhere on the certificate the words **additional insured** must appear.

It is very important that the parish be listed as an additional insured rather than as a "certificate holder." As a "certificate holder," the parish has no legal rights under a tenant, contractor or facility user's insurance policy. However, when the parish has been named as an additional insured, the insurance policy of the tenant, contractor or facility user must defend the parish against claims, which resulted from tenant, contractor or facility user operations at the parish. The purpose of being named as an additional insured is to reduce the number of dollars spent on claims not related to parish activities. Therefore, it is essential that parishes verify that both the parish and the (Arch)Diocese have been named as an additional insured.

Since a contractor, tenant, facility user or parish festival vendor will have to make a specific request to their insurance company to get the parish named as an additional insured, it is important to inform them of this requirement well in advance.

(Rev. 02/2021)

ACORD CERTIFICATE OF LIABILITY INSURANCE										DATE (MM/DD/YYYY) 07/04/2011			
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AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE

SHOULD ANY OF THE ABOVE DESCRIBED POLICIES BE CANCELLED BEFORE THE EXPIRATION DATE THEREOF, NOTICE WILL BE DELIVERED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE POLICY PROVISIONS.

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(Rev. 02/2021)

St. Joseph Parish

1212 W. Webster Milwaukee, WI